POST-TEST

Striving for Consensus: Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Relapsed/Refractory Follicular Lymphoma — Part 3

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- 1. The Phase II ROSEWOOD study evaluating the combination of zanubrutinib and obinutuzumab versus obinutuzumab alone for relapsed/refractory (R/R) follicular lymphoma (FL) previously treated with 2 or more prior regimens reported what major efficacy outcomes?
 - a. Inferior overall response rate (ORR) and progression-free survival (PFS) with zanubrutinib and obinutuzumab
 - No significant difference in ORR or PFS with zanubrutinib and obinutuzumab
 - c. A significant improvement in ORR and PFS with zanubrutinib and objuutuzumab
- 2. In the FL cohort of the ongoing Phase III MAHOGANY trial, what is the therapeutic intervention that is being compared to lenalidomide and rituximab (R²) for R/R FL previously treated with 1 or more prior lines of systemic therapy?
 - a. Ibrutinib with rituximab
 - b. Zanubrutinib with obinutuzumab
 - c. Tafasitamab with R2
 - d. Loncastuximab tesirine with rituximab
- 3. The Phase III inMIND study of tafasitamab and R² versus R² alone for R/R FL previously treated with 1 or more prior lines of systemic therapy reported what major efficacy outcome?
 - a. No significant difference in PFS with tafasitamab and R²
 - b. A nonsignificant numerical PFS trend favoring tafasitamab and R²
 - c. A statistically significant improvement in PFS with tafasitamab and R²

- 4. What is the mechanism of action of tazemetostat?
 - a. CD19 inhibitor
 - b. CD20 inhibitor
 - c. EZH2 inhibitor
 - d. Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitor
- 5. In the Phase III inMIND study of tafasitamab and R² versus R² alone for R/R FL previously treated with 1 or more prior lines of systemic therapy, what was the approximate ORR for patients who received tafasitamab and R²?
 - a. 21%
 - b. 45%
 - c. 60%
 - d. 83%