POST-TEST

Consensus or Controversy? Clinical Investigators Provide Perspectives on the Current and Future Care of Patients with Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- 1. Which of the following Grade ≥3 adverse events was most commonly reported in patients receiving pirtobrutinib for previously treated chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) in the Phase III BRUIN CLL-321 trial?
 - a. Atrial fibrillation
 - b. Keratitis
 - c. Hemorrhage
 - d. Infections
- What was the approximate incidence of Grade ≥3 CRS (cytokine release syndrome) among patients receiving lisocabtagene maraleucel for relapsed/ refractory (R/R) CLL in the Phase I/II TRANSCEND CLL 004 trial?
 - a. Lower than 1%
 - b. Lower than 5%
 - c. Lower than 10%
 - d. Higher than 10%
- Which of the following results best describes response rates with lisocabtagene maraleucel and ibrutinib for patients with R/R CLL in the Phase I/II TRANSCEND CLL 004 trial?
 - a. Overall response rate (ORR)
 ~40% and complete response
 rate (CRR) ~15%
 - b. ORR ~60% and CRR ~30%
 - c. ORR >80% and CRR ~45%

- 4. Which of the following statements best describes progression-free survival outcomes with pirtobrutinib compared to idelalisib/rituximab or bendamustine/rituximab for Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) inhibitor-pretreated CLL in the Phase III BRUIN CLL-321 trial?
 - a. Outcomes were similar in both arms of the study
 - b. Pirtobrutinib was superior to idelalisib/rituximab but not to bendamustine/rituximab
 - c. Pirtobrutinib was superior to investigator's choice of idelalisib/ rituximab or bendamustine/rituximab
- 5. Pirtobrutinib targets which of the following BTK mutations that is associated with resistance to covalent BTK inhibitors?
 - a. T4741
 - b. C481S
 - c. L528W