POST-TEST

Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Metastatic Triple-Negative Breast Cancer

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- Final results from the Phase III ASCENT study of sacituzumab govitecan versus standard chemotherapy for patients with metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (mTNBC) reported a statistically significant improvement in which of the following outcomes with sacituzumab govitecan?
 - a. Median progression-free survival (PFS)
 - b. Median overall survival
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of the above
- 2. In the Phase III ASCENT-04/KEYNOTE-D19 trial, which of the following outcomes was observed for patients who received first-line sacituzumab govitecan and pembrolizumab versus chemotherapy and pembrolizumab for PD-L1-positive mTNBC?
 - a. Inferior PFS with the sacituzumab/ pembrolizumab combination
 - A numerical but nonsignificant improvement in median PFS with the sacituzumab/pembrolizumab combination
 - c. Statistically significant improvement in median PFS with the sacituzumab/pembrolizumab combination

- 3. Emerging data from the Phase III ASCENT-03 trial indicate that first-line sacituzumab govitecan demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in PFS for which patients with mTNBC?
 - a. Those who are not candidates for PARP inhibitor therapy
 - b. Those who are not candidates for checkpoint inhibitor therapy
 - c. Those with PD-L1-positive disease
- 4. The Phase II PRIMED study evaluating primary prophylactic administration of G-CSF and loperamide demonstrated which outcome with regard to the incidence and severity of sacituzumab govitecan-related neutropenia and diarrhea?
 - a. No significant reduction in neutropenia or diarrhea with prophylactic measures
 - Significant reduction in diarrhea but not in neutropenia with prophylactic measures
 - c. Significant reduction in both neutropenia and diarrhea with prophylactic measures
- 5. Sacituzumab tirumotecan is a novel antibody-drug conjugate directed against which cell surface protein?
 - a. HER2
 - b. Androgen receptor
 - c. TROP2
 - d. DLL3