POST-TEST

Oncology Today with Dr Neil Love: Optimizing the Integration of ADCs into the Treatment of HR-Positive and Triple-Negative Metastatic Breast Cancer

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- 1. Which of the following antibody-drug conjugates is FDA approved for HR-positive, HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer (mBC)?
 - a. Trastuzumab deruxtecan
 - b. Sacituzumab govitecan
 - c. Datopotamab deruxtecan
 - d. Both a and b
 - e. All of the above
- 2. Which of the following statements best characterizes progression-free survival (PFS) outcomes observed with trastuzumab deruxtecan (T-DXd) for patients in the DESTINY-BREASTO6 trial with HR-negative mBC that was HER2 low or HER2 ultralow?
 - a. PFS was longer for patients with HER2-low than HER2-ultralow disease
 - b. PFS was longer for patients with HER2-ultralow than HER2-low disease
 - c. PFS was similar for patients with HER2-low and HER2-ultralow disease
- 3. Pooled analysis and real-world studies evaluating the safety of rechallenging with T-DXd after the development of Grade 1 interstitial lung disease (ILD) have provided which of the following conclusions?
 - Re-treatment with T-DXd after
 Grade 1 ILD is safe no cases of
 recurrent ILD were observed
 - b. Re-treatment with T-DXd after Grade 1 ILD is safe, and rates of recurrent ILD are low
 - c. Re-treatment with T-DXd after Grade 1 ILD is not safe.

- 4. Noteworthy adverse events of which type have been associated with datopotamab deruxtecan but not with T-DXd or sacituzumab govitecan?
 - a. Neutropenic
 - b. Ocular surface
 - c. Gastrointestinal
- 5. The ASCENT-04 trial evaluating first-line sacituzumab govitecan with pembrolizumab versus chemotherapy with pembrolizumab for patients with PD-L1-positive metastatic triple-negative breast cancer demonstrated which of the following outcomes?
 - A statistically significant superior median PFS with chemotherapy and pembrolizumab
 - b. A statistically significant superior median PFS with sacituzumab govitecan and pembrolizumab
 - c. A similar median PFS in both study arms