POST-TEST

Investigator Perspectives on Available Research and Challenging Questions in Renal Cell Carcinoma: A Post-ASCO Annual Review

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- The Phase III TIVO-3 trial demonstrated which of the following outcomes for patients with previously treated advanced renal cell carcinoma (RCC)?
 - a. An overall survival benefit with tivozanib compared to sorafenib
 - A progression-free survival (PFS)
 benefit with tivozanib compared to sorafenib
 - c. A progression-free survival benefit with sorafenib compared to tivozanib
 - d. None of the above
- 2. The Phase II KEYNOTE-B61 trial demonstrated durable responses with lenvatinib/pembrolizumab for patients with which of the following histologic subtypes of non-clear cell RCC (nccRCC)?
 - a. Papillary
 - b. Chromophobe
 - c. Translocation
 - d. Durable responses were observed across all histologic subtypes
- 3. Which of the following adverse events was most commonly observed among patients receiving belzutifan for von Hippel-Lindau-associated RCC in the Phase II LITESPARK-004 trial?
 - a. Hypertension
 - b. Delay in wound healing
 - c. Anemia
 - d. GFR (glomerular filtration rate) decrease

- 4. The Phase II FORTUNE trial is evaluating the combination of tivozanib and nivolumab in which of the following settings?
 - a. Adjuvant therapy for clear cell RCC (ccRCC)
 - b. Adjuvant therapy for nccRCC
 - c. Advanced ccRCC
 - d. Advanced nccRCC
- 5. The Phase III KEYNOTE-564 trial revealed an improvement in which of the following outcomes with adjuvant pembrolizumab for patients with ccRCC and an increased risk of recurrence after surgery?
 - a. Disease-free survival
 - b. Overall survival
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. Neither a nor b