## POST-TEST

Oncology Today with Dr Neil Love: Optimizing the Identification of HER2-Low Breast Cancer

## THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- 1. In the Phase III DESTINY-Breast04 study evaluating trastuzumab deruxtecan (T-DXd) for previously treated HER2-low metastatic breast cancer, clinical benefit was seen in which of the following subgroups?
  - a. HR-positive breast cancer
  - b. HR-negative breast cancer
  - c. HER2-low breast cancer
  - d. All of the above
- 2. In DESTINY-Breast04, what clinical finding was reported among patients with different HER2-low immunohistochemistry (IHC) expression levels?
  - a. A significant difference in response between IHC 1+ and IHC 2+/ISH-negative
  - b. No significant difference in response between IHC 1+ and IHC 2+/ISH-negative
  - c. There was not an analysis conducted based on HER2-low IHC expression

- 3. Sacituzumab govitecan is an antibodydrug conjugate indicated for certain locally advanced/metastatic breast cancers that targets which of the following biomarkers?
  - a. HER2
  - b. HER3
  - c. CDK4/6
  - d. EGFR
  - e. TROP2
- 4. The Phase III DESTINY-Breast06 study evaluated T-DXd for which patient population?
  - a. Newly diagnosed HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer
  - b. Previously treated HER2-low and HER2-ultralow metastatic breast cancer
  - c. Newly diagnosed triple-negative metastatic breast cancer
- 5. Which of the following efficacy outcomes was reported in the Phase III DESTINY-Breast06 study?
  - a. No significant difference in progression-free survival (PFS) for HER2-low patients
  - b. A statistically significant improvement in PFS for HER2-low patients
  - c. An inferior PFS outcome for HER2-low patients