POST-TEST

Breakfast with the Investigators: Urothelial Bladder Cancer

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- 1. Which of the following best describes TAR-200?
 - a. Internal radioactive implant
 - b. Wafer-based chemotherapy implant
 - c. Intravesical drug delivery system for gemcitabine
- 2. Preliminary results from the Phase II SunRISe-1 trial revealed the greatest complete response rate with which of the following monotherapies in patients with bacillus Calmette-Guérinunresponsive high-risk non-muscleinvasive bladder cancer?
 - a. Cetrelimab
 - b. TAR-200
 - c. Complete response rates were equivalent for both arms
- 3. In the Phase III CheckMate 274 trial, adjuvant nivolumab reduced the risk of disease progression or death in which patients with high-risk muscle-invasive bladder cancer?
 - a. PD-L1 \geq 1
 - b. Intention-to-treat population
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. Neither a nor b

- 4. The combination of enfortumab vedotin and pembrolizumab recently received accelerated FDA approval in which of the following patient populations?
 - a. Patients with platinum-refractory disease
 - b. Patients with muscle-invasive disease
 - c. Cisplatin-ineligible patients with locally advanced or metastatic disease
 - d. Cisplatin-eligible patients with locally advanced or metastatic disease
- 5. Disitamab vedotin is an antibody-drug conjugate targeting which of the following?
 - a. Nectin-4
 - b. HER2
 - c. FGFR3
 - d. TROP2