POST-TEST

Meet The Professor: Current and Future Management of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia — Part 6 of a 6-Part Series

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

- 1. Results of the Phase III ELEVATE-RR head-to-head trial of acalabrutinib versus ibrutinib for previously treated chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) demonstrated which of the following outcomes with acalabrutinib?
 - a. A lower rate of atrial fibrillation/ flutter (A-fib) but no improvement in progression-free survival (PFS)
 - b. Improved PFS but no reduction in the rate of A-fib
 - c. A lower rate of A-fib and improvement in PFS
 - d. Neither reduction in the rate of A-fib nor improvement in PFS
- 2. Which of the following treatment arms demonstrated the greatest PFS benefit in the Alliance A041202 trial comparing ibrutinib-based regimens to bendamustine/rituximab (BR) chemoimmunotherapy for older patients with previously untreated CLL?
 - a. BR
 - b. Ibrutinib
 - c. Ibrutinib/rituximab
 - d. Both the BR and ibrutinib arms
 - e. Both the ibrutinib and ibrutinib/rituximab arms
 - f. Both the BR and ibrutinib/rituximab arms
 - g. PFS was equivalent for all treatment arms
- 3. Top-line results of the Phase III SEQUOIA trial demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in PFS with which of the following agents compared to bendamustine/rituximab for patients with treatment-naïve CLL?
 - a. Acalabrutinib
 - b. Ibrutinib
 - c. Pirtobrutinib
 - d. Umbralisib/ublituximab
 - e. Venetoclax
 - f. Zanubrutinib

- 4. A recent analysis by Sharma and colleagues presented at ASH 2021 suggests which of the following expectations for a new formulation of acalabrutinib for CLL?
 - a. Comparable to the approved 100 mg BID capsules regardless of proton pump inhibitor (PPI) use but not of food ingestion
 - Superior to the approved 100 mg
 BID capsules regardless of PPI use
 but not of food ingestion
 - c. Comparable to the approved 100 mg BID capsules regardless of food ingestion but not of PPI use
 - d. Superior to the approved 100 mg BID capsules regardless of food ingestion but not of PPI use
 - e. Comparable to the approved 100 mg BID capsules regardless of both PPI use and food ingestion
 - f. Superior to the approved 100 mg BID capsules regardless of both PPI use and food ingestion
- 5. The GLOW trial evaluating fixed-duration ibrutinib and venetoclax versus chlorambucil and obinuzutumab revealed a significant improvement in PFS for which patients with CLL?
 - a. Younger and/or fitter patients with treatment-naïve disease
 - b. Younger and/or fitter patients with relapsed/refractory disease
 - c. Older and/or less fit patients with treatment-naïve disease
 - d. Older and/or less fit patients with relapsed/refractory disease