Assessing Biomarker Analysis and the Use of EGFRand ALK-Directed Therapy in Patients with Metastatic Nonsquamous Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (Video Program)

FACULTY

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This activity is supported by educational grants from AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Foundation Medicine and Genentech BioOncology.

Hardware/Software Requirements:

A high-speed Internet connection
A monitor set to 1280 x 1024 pixels or more
Internet Explorer 11 or later, Firefox 56 or later, Chrome 61
or later, Safari 11 or later, Opera 48 or later
Adobe Flash Player 27 plug-in or later
Adobe Acrobat Reader
(Optional) Sound card and speakers for audio

Release date: January 2018

Select Publications

Geoffrey R Oxnard, MD

Oxnard GR et al. Association between plasma genotyping and outcomes of treatment with osimertinib (AZD9291) in advanced non-small-cell lung cancer. *J Clin Oncol* 2016;34(28):3375-82.

Lecia V Sequist, MD, MPH

Piotrowska Z, Sequist LV. Treatment of *EGFR*-mutant lung cancers after progression in patients receiving first-line EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitors. *JAMA Onc* 2016;2(7):948-54.

Yang JC et al. Osimertinib activity in patients (pts) with leptomeningeal (LM) disease from non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC): Updated results from BLOOM, a phase I study. *Proc ASCO* 2016; Abstract 9002.

Yang JC et al. Clinical activity of afatinib in patients with advanced non-small-cell lung cancer harbouring uncommon EGFR mutations: A combined post-hoc analysis of LUX-Lung 2, LUX-Lung 3, and LUX-Lung 6. Lancet Oncol 2015;16(7):830-8.

Lynette M Sholl, MD

Cutz JC et al. Canadian anaplastic lymphoma kinase study: A model for multicenter standardization and optimization of ALK testing in lung cancer. *J Thorac Oncol* 2014;9(9):1255-63.

Lindeman NI et al. Molecular testing guideline for selection of lung cancer patients for EGFR and ALK tyrosine kinase inhibitors: Guideline from the College of American Pathologists, International Association for the Study of Lung Cancer, and Association for Molecular Pathology. *J Thorac Oncol* 2013;8(7):823-59.

Marchetti A et al. ALK protein analysis by IHC staining after recent regulatory changes: A comparison of two widely used approaches, revision of the literature, and a new testing algorithm. *J Thorac Oncol* 2016;11(4):487-95.

Mino-Kenudson M et al. A novel, highly sensitive antibody allows for the routine detection of ALK-rearranged lung adenocarcinomas by standard immunohistochemistry. Clin Cancer Res 2010;16(5):1561-71.

Reckamp KL et al. A highly sensitive and quantitative test platform for detection of NSCLC EGFR mutations in urine and plasma. *J Thorac Oncol* 2016;11(10):1690-700.

Sholl LM et al. Combined use of ALK immunohistochemistry and FISH for optimal detection of ALK-rearranged lung adenocarcinomas. *J Thorac Oncol* 2013;8(3):322-8.

Takeuchi K et al. Prospective and clinical validation of ALK immunohistochemistry: Results from the phase I/II study of alectinib for ALK-positive lung cancer (AF-001JP study). *Ann Oncol* 2016;27(1):185-92.

Wynes MW et al. An international interpretation study using the ALK IHC antibody D5F3 and a sensitive detection kit demonstrates high concordance between ALK IHC and ALK FISH and between evaluators. *J Thorac Oncol* 2014;9(5):631-8.