POST-TEST

terms of _

1. The results of the Phase III

RESONATE-2 trial evaluating ibrutinib

versus chlorambucil for patients aged

lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small

lymphocytic lymphoma without 17p deletion demonstrated that single-agent

ibrutinib is superior to chlorambucil in

a. Progression-free survival (PFS)

65 years or older with untreated chronic

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5. The Phase II CheckMate 205 study

a. 60%

b. 80%

c. 100%

evaluating the efficacy of nivolumab for

relapsed/refractory classical Hodgkin

lymphoma demonstrated a 6-month

overall survival rate of approximately

THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

2.	b. Overall survival c. Both a and b d. Neither a nor b A study by Byrd and colleagues evaluating the Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitor acalabrutinib (ACP-196) for patients with relapsed CLL demonstrated a. A high response rate in the overall patient population b. A high response rate among patients with del(17p) disease c. Both a and b d. Neither a nor b	6. Data from Nowakowski and colleagues demonstrated that, for patients with newly diagnosed diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, the addition of
3.	The GAUSS study evaluated obinutu- zumab versus for patients with relapsed CD20-positive indolent	a. R-CHOPb. Bendamustine/rituximab (BR)c. R-hyper-CVAD
4.	B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL). a. Bortezomib b. Rituximab c. Brentuximab vedotin The Phase III GADOLIN study of bendamustine with or without obinutuzumab for rituximab-refractory indolent NHL demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in PFS with the addition of obinutuzumab. a. True b. False	8. The randomized Phase II Intergroup E1411 trial will evaluate BR or bortezomib/BR (BVR), both followed by rituximab maintenance therapy, versus BR or BVR followed by as maintenance therapy for up-front MCL. a. Observation b. R ² (lenalidomide/rituximab) c. Neither a nor b

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- 9. Co-expression of MYC and Bcl-2 as detected by immunohistochemistry in patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma is associated with
 - a. Poorer outcomes
 - b. Better outcomes
 - c. Neither a nor b; outcomes are not altered
- 10. Results from a trial for patients with relapsed ALK-positive lymphoma demonstrated an overall response rate of 91% with the ALK inhibitor ______.
 - a. Alectinib
 - b. Ceritinib
 - c. Crizotinib