## POST-TEST

# Lung Cancer Update — Issue 1, 2016 (Video Program)

#### THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

 A combined analysis of the LUX-Lung 3 and LUX-Lung 6 trials for patients with advanced EGFR mutation-positive lung adenocarcinoma demonstrated an overall survival advantage with afatinib for patients with \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### a. Exon 19 deletion mutations

- b. L858R mutations
- c. Both a and b
- 2. A planned randomized Phase II trial by the Alliance Foundation will compare topotecan to \_\_\_\_\_\_ for patients with relapsed/refractory small cell lung cancer.
  - a. Nivolumab

b. Pembrolizumab

- c. Ipilimumab
- 3. A Phase III trial evaluating nanoparticle albumin-bound (*nab*) paclitaxel/carboplatin versus solvent-based paclitaxel/ carboplatin as first-line therapy for patients with advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) demonstrated an increase in the incidence of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the *nab* paclitaxel arm.
  - a. Thrombocytopenia
  - b. Anemia
  - c. Sensory neuropathy
  - d. All of the above
  - e. Both a and b
- 4. The combination of cisplatin and gemcitabine with necitumumab demonstrated a clinical benefit in the first-line setting for patients with advanced NSCLC with \_\_\_\_\_ histology.

#### a. Squamous cell

- b. Nonsquamous cell
- c. Both a and b

- 5. A Phase III trial of second-line docetaxel with or without ramucirumab for patients with Stage IV NSCLC after disease progression on a platinum-based regimen demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in \_\_\_\_\_\_ with the addition of ramucirumab to docetaxel.
  - a. Median progression-free survival
  - b. Median overall survival
  - c. Overall response rate
  - d. Both a and c
  - e. All of the above
- 6. Results of a study evaluating cisplatin and pemetrexed with or without bevacizumab for patients with newly diagnosed pleural mesothelioma reported statistically significant improvement(s) in \_\_\_\_\_ with the addition of bevacizumab.
  - a. Median progression-free survival
  - b. Median overall survival
  - c. Both a and b
    - d. Neither a nor b
- 7. The novel antibody-drug conjugate rovalpituzumab tesirine being evaluated in relapsed/refractory small cell lung cancer
  - a. Targets PD-1
  - b. Demonstrates activity as a single agent
  - c. Is associated with serositis
  - d. All of the above
  - e. Both b and c
- 8. Patients with advanced EGFR mutationpositive NSCLC treated with EGFR TKI therapy have a delay in the onset of brain metastases compared to those who receive chemotherapy.
  - a. True
    - b. False

## POST-TEST

# Lung Cancer Update — Issue 1, 2016 (Video Program)

### THE CORRECT ANSWER IS INDICATED WITH YELLOW HIGHLIGHTING.

#### 9. Mutations in the MET exon 14 gene

- a. Occur in about 3% of patients with nonsquamous NSCLC
- b. Are not sensitive to crizotinib
- c. May occur with concurrent MET amplification
- d. All of the above
- e. Both a and c

10. The checkpoint inhibitor pembrolizumab is approved for patients with squamous and nonsquamous NSCLC whose tumors are PD-L1-positive.

a. True

b. False